EXHIBIT 1

Notice of Conditional Settlement

300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600 Los Angeles, CA 90071 Locke Lord LLP

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Claimants- Defendants. 26

300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600 Los Angeles, CA 90071

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As the parties previously advised the Court, on July 22, 2015, a mediation was
held in the above captioned matter. The participants were counsel and representatives
of Caldera Medical, Inc. ("Caldera"), Federal Insurance Company ("Federal") and all
claimants who have filed suit or entered into tolling agreements, including those in the
Los Angeles Superior Court JCCP 4733 litigation and Multi-District Litigation in the
Southern District of West Virginia ("Claimants"). The parties to the mediation have
all accepted a Mediator's Proposal of settlement, which could resolve all litigation
related to Caldera. American Medical Systems, Inc. is not a party to the settlement
The settlement, which will be documented promptly is conditioned on, among other
things:

- 1. Certification of a class or classes, by this Court, under Rule 23(b)(1) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure;
- An order of this Court staying all litigation against Caldera and other 2. entities who are insureds or indemnitees under the insurance policies issued by Federal to Caldera, pending completion of the settlement process; and
- Approval, if appropriate, after notice and hearing, of the settlement by 3. this Court.

Dated: July 27, 2015

Respectfully submitted,

LOCKE LORD LLP

By: /s/ Lilian M. Khanjian Michael F. Perlis

> Richard Johnson Lilian M. Khanjian

Attorneys for Claimant-Plaintiff FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY

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EXHIBIT 2

Joint Supplemental Submission In Support of Unopposed Motion to Stay and Enjoin

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Claimants- Defendants.

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As the parties previously notified the Court, on July 22, 2015, Federal Insurance Company ("Federal"), Caldera Medical, Inc. ("Caldera") and settlement liaison counsel on behalf of all 2,184+ claimants who have filed suit and potential claimants, including those in the Los Angeles Superior Court JCCP 4733 litigation, Multi-District Litigation in the Southern District of West Virginia and any State and/or U.S. court ("Claimants") (collectively "the Parties") participated in a mediation with mediator Robert Kaplan. ¹ Pursuant to a Mediator's Proposal, and subject to this Court's approval, the Parties have reached a settlement in principle subject to certain The settlement, which will be documented promptly, is terms and conditions. conditioned on, among other things, an order of this Court staying all litigation against Caldera and any other entities insured or contractually indemnified under the insurance policies issued by Federal to Caldera ("Federal Policies"), involving alleged injuries caused by a Caldera transvaginal mesh product (meaning, Caldera products for female incontinence or prolapse), as detailed below, pending completion of the settlement process.

On March 30, 2015, Federal filed a Motion to Stay And Enjoin Proceedings (the "Motion"). On April 24, 2015, the Court denied the Motion. In denying the Motion, the Court noted that its primary concern was that a stay would enjoin Claimants from establishing their claims of liability against the insured(s) and others. Claimants no longer oppose the stay and in fact now jointly request a stay of all pending litigation. As the Parties have conditionally agreed to a settlement that resolves and liquidates, among others, all of Claimants' claims against Caldera – and establishes a defined fund of insurance proceeds out of which all claims will be paid – Claimants believe that a stay now may and should be entered pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2361 and State Farm Fire & Casualty Co. v. Tashire, 386 U.S. 523 (1967).

While American Medical Systems, Inc. is not a party to the current settlement, it had previously expressed its agreement with the stay.

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A stay is appropriate and essential at this time, pending completion of the When the settlement process is completed, the stay would be settlement process. automatically lifted. The Parties agree that failure to grant the stay will terminate the settlement.

A condition of settlement mandates that a certain capped portion of the Policies' Limits be reserved for fees and costs incurred in the defense of Caldera and other insureds/indemnitees under the Federal Policies in connection with the underlying litigations. Any remaining portion of this sum shall revert to settlement proceeds for distribution to the Claimants. The Parties including the Claimants agree that a stay is necessary to prevent erosion of the settlement fund. Moreover, to the extent the totality of defense costs exceeds this capped sum, the settlement may be terminated.

Thus, the Parties jointly request that the Court grant the following relief, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2361, pending completion of the settlement process, i.e., full execution of settlement documents and releases, final certification of the settlement class(es) and approval by the Court of the settlement:

- A stay of all litigation and proceedings in any State and/or United States Court against Caldera and any other party insured or contractually indemnified under the Federal Policies, involving alleged injuries caused by a Caldera transvaginal mesh product;
- An injunction preventing any and all potential claimants including, but 2. not limited to, those with tolling agreements, from instituting or prosecuting any lawsuit, arbitration or any proceeding against Caldera and any other party insured or contractually indemnified under the Federal Policies, involving alleged injuries caused by a Caldera transvaginal mesh product; and,
- An injunction preventing any and all plaintiffs and/or claimants from 3. levying or otherwise seeking payment on any settlement or judgment against Federal, Caldera and any other party insured or contractually indemnified under the Federal

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Policies, and requiring that any liquidated claim be presented to this Court for potential payment, for those claims involving alleged injuries caused by a Caldera transvaginal mesh product.

With respect to any insured other than Caldera and any indemnitee under the Federal Policies, the requested stay would apply only to those portions of cases involving a Caldera transvaginal mesh product. To the extent that any of the cases, of which the Parties request a stay, involve claims against insureds or indemnities that are not covered under the Federal Policies or that do not involve a Caldera product, such portions of those cases may proceed as the relevant Court deems appropriate at its discretion.

Should the Court request it, the Parties can provide a list of the specific cases to which the requested stay should apply.

The Court can grant the previously denied Motion since Courts possess inherent power and control to reconsider and modify their interlocutory orders prior to final adjudication of all claims against all parties. Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 54(b); See also, e.g., Balla v. Idaho State Board of Corrections, 869 F.2d 461 (9th Cir. 1989) (citing Marconi Wireless Telegraph Co. v. United States, 320 U.S. 1, 47-48 (1943)); John Simmons Co. v. Grier Brothers Co., 258 U.S. 82, 88 (1922).

Inasmuch as the Parties including the Claimants agree that the foregoing relief is appropriate and suitable for purposes of effectuating a final settlement between the Parties, the Parties hereby jointly request that the Court grant the Motion and the foregoing relief. Therefore, the Parties hereby jointly renew the now-unopposed Motion to Stay and Enjoin Proceedings (Doc. No. 75). The Parties ask that the Court disregard any and all previous oppositions to the Motion as they are hereby withdrawn.

Attached hereto as Exhibit A is an as-filed copy of the Motion incorporated herein by reference.

EXHIBIT A

Case 2:15-cv-00393-SVW-PJW Document 75 Filed 03/30/15 Page 1 of 13 Page ID #:1392 LOCKE LORD LLP Michael F. Perlis (SBN: 095992) mperlis@lockelord.com Richard R. Johnson (SBN: 198117) rrjohnson@lockelord.com Lilian M. Khanjian (SBN: 259015) 5 lkhanjian@lockelord.com 300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600 Los Angeles, California 90071 Telephone: 213-485-1500 Facsimile: 213-485-1200 Attorneys for Claimant-Plaintiff FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY 10 300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600 Los Angeles, CA 90071 11 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 12 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 13 FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY CASE NO. 2:15-cv-00393-SVW-PJW 14 Honorable Stephen V. Wilson Claimant-Plaintiff, 15 VS. FEDERAL INSURANCE 16 **COMPANY'S NOTICE OF** CALDERA MEDICAL, INC., and DENISE 17 MOTION AND MOTION TO M. FLANIGAN, ROSIE JEAN BATES, STAY AND ENJOIN 18 TAMMY L. MCILROY, BRENDA DEYO, PROCEEDINGS: SUSAN STONE, KIMBERLY DURHAM, 19 MEMORANDUM OF POINTS ELAINE TACK, SHARON PEER, AND AUTHORITIES IN 20 ELIZABETH BAILEY, BARBARA COE, SUPPORT THEREOF DOREEN ESPARZA, CLARA PERELKA, 21 PEGGY GRUBBS, CONNIE April 27, 2015 DATE: 22 WILLIAMSON, CHRISTINE MATHEWS, 1:30 P.M. TIME: KATRINA BAKER, DAWN BURNHAM, PLACE: Courtroom 6 23 NANCY ROBERTS, GLENDA THORNE, 24 [Filed concurrently with: Declaration BENELLA OLTREMARI, PHYLLIS W. of Lilian M. Khanjian and [Proposed] BROWN, JOANNE MONGEAU, SYBIL 25 Orderl WASHINGTON, and CELINES 26 RAMIREZ, and all others similarly situated 27 Claimants- Defendants. 28

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TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT on April 27, 2015 at 1:30 p.m. in Courtroom 6 of the above-entitled court, located at 312 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, California 90012, Claimant-Plaintiff Federal Insurance Company ("Federal") will and hereby does move this Court for an order to stay and enjoin all proceedings affecting the insurance policies issued by Federal to Caldera Medical, Inc. ("Caldera"), Policy No. 7499-85-32 SFO (the "Policies"), for a period of six months. Specifically, Federal requests the following relief:

- A stay of all litigation and proceedings in any State and/or United States 1. Court against any party insured or contractually indemnified under the Policies for a period of six months;
- An injunction preventing any and all potential claimants, including but 2. not limited to those with tolling agreements, from instituting or prosecuting any lawsuit, arbitration or any proceeding against any party insured or contractually indemnified under the Policies for a period of six months; and,
- An injunction preventing any and all plaintiffs and/or claimants from 3. levying or otherwise seeking payment on any settlement or judgment against Federal, any party insured or contractually indemnified under the Policies, and requiring that any liquidated claim be presented to this Court for potential payment.

This motion is made pursuant to the Federal Interpleader Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2361 on the grounds that allowing any action to commence or proceed that could cause the immediate expenditure of Policy proceeds and threaten the orderly disposition of this action and result in an inequitable distribution of the Policies. Accordingly, under the referenced statutes, this Court has the power to enjoin all claimants herein (and any future claimants) from pursuing any legal action in any court that would cause payment of Policy proceeds, and to require that any liquidated claim be presented to this Court for potential payment.

Case 2:12-md-02327 Document 1663-1 Filed 08/14/15 Page 13 of 40 PageID #: 20237 Case 2:15-cv-00393-SVW-PJW Document 178-1 Filed 08/03/15 Page 4 of 21 Page ID #:4431 Case 2:15-cv-00393-SVW-PJW Document 75 Filed 03/30/15 Page 3 of 13 Page ID #:1394 1 This motion is made following the conference of counsel pursuant to L.R. 7-3 2 which took place on March 20 and 23, 2015. 3 This motion is based upon this Notice, the attached Memorandum of Points and 4 Authorities, the Declaration of Lilian M. Khanjian submitted herewith and any exhibits attached thereto, and upon such other and further matters as may be presented 5 at the time of hearing and if further made upon such matters as must or may be 6 judicially noticed, including all pleadings and papers on file herein. 8 Dated: March 30, 2015 9 Respectfully submitted, 10 LOCKE LORD LLP 11 300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600 Los Angeles, CA 90071 Locke Lord LLP 12 By:/s/ Lilian M. Khanjian 13 Michael F. Perlis Richard R. Johnson 14 Lilian M. Khanjian 15 Attorneys for Claimant-Plaintiff FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY 16 17 18 19 20

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

Federal Insurance Company ("Federal") brought this action in the nature of interpleader naming its insured Caldera Medical, Inc. ("Caldera") and representatives of two proposed defendant classes. Over 2,000 claims, that are either currently being litigated or are subject to tolling agreements, spanning over various jurisdictions have been asserted against Caldera, which Federal is informed seek in excess of \$1 billion ("the Caldera Claims"). Federal is informed that its policy proceeds are Caldera's primary source of funds from which to pay these claims. Federal's remaining policy proceeds total approximately \$18,613,109, which Federal has posted by way of bond in this Court. Given that the claimants' and potential claimants' only source of relief will dwindle with each settlement and continuing litigation, Federal now requests appropriate interim injunctive relief.

While reserving its rights to dispute coverage based on a number of coverage defenses under the relevant policies, Federal has provided a complete defense to Caldera for the claims, spent over \$5,300,000 in defense fees/costs and paid \$1,000,000 towards settlement at Caldera's request. Both the defense expenses and settlement proceeds have reduced the policy limits. There are currently hundreds of cases being litigated which are cutting away at the policy proceeds and threaten inequitable distribution of the Policies' depleting limits. There is currently only approximately \$18,613,109 potentially available to satisfy the totality of claims against Caldera, and others who may be entitled to coverage under the Policies as insureds or contractual indemnitees, subject to coverage issues and application of deductibles, and with each claim that Federal defends, the policies' proceeds diminish. With such limited available policy limits, individual claimants are encouraged to vigorously litigate their rights and rush to judgment, beating out the slower claimants' chances of adequate compensation.

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Federal now brings this motion to stay and enjoin proceedings for an interim six-month period. Precisely, Federal requests that this Court stay and enjoin all existent and future proceedings against any party insured or contractually indemnified by the policies to the extent such proceedings would serve to reduce the available policy proceeds. This injunction would minimize erosion of the policy limits for defense expenditures and maximize proceeds for potential settlement. This time period will allow this Court and the parties to do the following:

- (1) determine the amount of the insurance proceeds available to the claimants;
- (2) create a procedure by which liquidated claims can obtain relief from the insurance policies;
- (3) establish a procedure by which Federal pays defense costs on behalf of insureds and other parties entitled to coverage under the policies;
- (4) explore settlement of the underlying claims through an additional mediation session; and,
 - (5) potentially propose a settlement offer directly to the claimants.

After the six-month stay, the parties and this Court can revisit the issues presented by this motion and decide whether further injunctive relief is necessary.¹

II. STATEMENT OF FACTS

A. THE UNDERLYING CLAIMS

Caldera markets, distributes and/or sells surgical mesh products used in a variety of different functions, including a transvaginal mesh implant designed to treat pelvic organ prolapse or stress urinary incontinence. No later than October 20, 2008, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration issued a Public Health Notification regarding complications of transvaginally implanted Pelvic Organ Prolapse Mesh and Stress Urinary Incontinence Slings. This notification precipitated numerous claims for

¹ While not a party to this action at this time, American Medical Systems, Inc. ("AMS") has expressed its support for and complete agreement with a stay of all litigation and proceedings of the underlying cases.

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injuries resulting from these mesh products against Caldera and other manufacturers of similar products. To Federal's knowledge, there are currently at least 2,184 claimants who are either litigating claims or have entered into tolling agreements preserving claims against Caldera alleging injuries as a result of being implanted with one or more Caldera products (collectively referred to as the "Caldera Claims"). (Khanjian Decl. ¶ 2).

B. THE POLICIES

Federal issued Life Science Insurance Program policies, each numbered Policy No. 7499-85-32 SFO, to Caldera for the following policy periods: (1) August 1, 2008 to August 1, 2009 ("2008 Policy"); (2) August 1, 2009 to August 1, 2010 ("2009 Policy"); (3) August 1, 2010 to November 1, 2011 ("2010 Policy"); and (4) November 1, 2011 to November 1, 2012 ("2011 Policy"). (Khanjian Decl. ¶ 3). (The 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011 Policies are collectively referred to herein as "the Policies" and have been attached as Exhibits A-D, respectively, to Federal's Complaint. See Document No. 10 of the Docket.). The Policies are "claims-made" policies that afford coverage to Caldera subject to their terms and conditions. (Doc. No. 10 of the Docket). The Policies further provide that Federal shall have the right and duty to defend any suit against Caldera seeking damages in accordance with the Policies' terms. Id. The 2008 Policy has a \$10 million Limit of Liability subject to a \$50,000 per occurrence deductible (also subject to the Batch Clause), the 2009 Policy has a \$10 million Limit of Liability subject to a \$50,000 per occurrence deductible (also subject to the Batch Clause), the 2010 Policy has a \$10 million Limit of Liability subject to a \$50,000 per event deductible, and the 2011 Policy has a \$5 million Limit of Liability subject to a \$75,000 per claim deductible. Id. In addition, the Policies' terms potentially provide coverage to other persons or entities who are the subject of related litigation as to whom the stay would also apply solely to the extent of their potential coverage under the Policies.

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Locke Lord LLP 300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600 Los Angeles, CA 90071 While it is disputed as to which policies provide coverage, if any, it is only contended that at most \$25 million in coverage is potentially available from which, according to the terms of the Policies, defense costs and settlements paid must be subtracted. (Khanjian Decl. ¶ 4). In connection with the Caldera Claims, Federal has funded over \$6,386,891 in defense and indemnity payments under the Policies, without collecting any deductible payments from Caldera. (Khanjian Decl. ¶ 5). The policy limits now amounts to approximately \$18,613,109 and, due to defense costs, is decreasing each day. (Khanjian Decl. ¶ 6).

C. THE COMPLAINT

As a result of the numerous competing demands for the remaining portions of the policy limits, on January 20, 2015 Federal filed this action in interpleader. (Khanjian Decl. ¶ 7). The Interpleader Complaint named Caldera and 24 claimants individually as defendants, and identified two classes Federal would seek to certify. *Id.* This interpleader action does not seek resolution of the Caldera Claims, but is instead concerned with adjudicating the parties' respective rights to the policy limits. As such, soon after filing the Complaint, Federal posted a bond in the amount of \$18,613,109 with this Court. (Khanjian Decl. ¶ 8). Federal is not attempting to have this Court determine any of the merits of the underlying tort claims by way of this interpleader action.

D. STATUS OF TRANSVAGINAL MESH PRODUCT CASES

The underlying plaintiffs in the Transvaginal Mesh Medical Product Cases pending in Los Angeles County Superior Court, JCCP 4733, to which Caldera is a party, had requested a lift of the stay on litigation in that case. (Khanjian Decl. ¶ 9). On March 11, 2015, Judge William F. Highberger issued a tentative ruling lifting the stay on litigation. (Khanjian Decl. ¶ 10). There will be further briefing on the tentative ruling, which Caldera and AMS have opposed. *Id.* A further hearing will be held on this issue on April 9, 2015. *Id.* Once the stay is lifted, Federal's policy limits will begin to erode at a rapid pace. Caldera's defense costs will undoubtedly increase

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at an exceptionally rapid pace and Federal will be faced with having to satisfy its obligation to fund Caldera's defense. (Khanjian Decl. ¶ 11). Moreover, Federal must also satisfy its obligations to pay for the defense of any other parties including, but not limited to contractual indemnitees, entitled to it under the Policies. (Khanjian Decl. ¶ 12). Federal thus filed this motion to stay all actions in order to equitably determine the outstanding coverage issues, minimize erosion of the policy limits for defense expenditures, maximize proceeds for settlement and otherwise allow for settlement to occur.

III. ARGUMENT

A. THE COURT MAY ENJOIN THE UNDERLYING ACTIONS.

28 U.S.C. § 2361 ("Section 2361") provides federal courts broad statutory power to restrain parties from undermining the interpleader process. Star Ins. Co. v. Cedar Valley Express, LLC, 273 F. Supp. 2d 38, 42 (D.D.C. 2002); see also First Interstate Bank of Oregon, N.A. v. U.S. by & through IRS, 891 F. Supp. 543, 546 (D. Or. 1995); U.S. v. Major Oil Corp., 583 F.2d 1152, 1157 (10th Cir. 1978) (A court's injunctive power, under Section 2361, is "nationwide and is intended to halt any proceeding the court deems inconsistent with the interpleader proceeding."). Primarily, the interpleader process is concerned with preventing inconsistent determinations and inequitable distributions of the interpleaded funds. See In re Republic of Philippines, 309 F.3d 1143, 1153 (9th Cir. 2002); Aetna Life Ins. Co. v. Bayona, 223 F.3d 1030, 1034 (9th Cir. 2000). Accordingly, where an action is commenced pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1335, a court may temporarily or permanently enjoin any person from "instituting or prosecuting any proceeding in any State or United States court affecting the property, instrument or obligation involved in the interpleader action until further order of the court." 28 U.S.C. § 2361 (emphasis added); Star Ins. Co., 273 F. Supp. 2d at 42 ("The Federal Interpleader Act authorizes a U.S. District Court to enter both preliminary and permanent injunctions restraining claimants from instituting or prosecuting any proceeding in any state or federal court

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27 28 affecting the subject matter of an interpleader action."); Beaufort Nav., Inc. v. Med Africa Line S.P.A., 624 F. Supp. 229, 232 (S.D.N.Y. 1985) (holding that an injunction

could bar a claimant from attaching interpleaded funds in a separate action).²

Federal has brought this action pursuant to Section 1335, requesting that this Court determine applicable rights under the Policies. Federal has properly alleged jurisdiction under Section 1335 and has posted a bond in the remaining amount of the policy limits in the Court's registry. Consequently, this Court can exercise its power under Section 2361 to enjoin any proceedings that affect or could affect the policy limits.³

AN INJUNCTION IS PROPER BECAUSE THE PRINCIPAL В. RELIEF FOR THE CALDERA CLAIMS IS THE REMAINING AMOUNT OF THE POLICY LIMITS.

A court should exercise its discretion to enjoin other proceedings under Section 2361 liberally. First Interstate Bank, 891 F. Supp. at 546. In an interpleader action, an injunction is proper where it will prevent the "multiplicity of actions" and reduce "the possibility of inconsistent determinations" to the funds at stake. Sotheby's Inc. v. Garcia, 802 F. Supp. 1058, 1066 (S.D.N.Y. 1992). Indeed, an interpleading stakeholder should not face the expense of defending twice the rights to the stake and should be protected from double liability. Lee v. West Coast Life Ins. Co., 688 F.3d 1004, 1009 (9th Cir. 2012); Mack v. Kuckenmeister, 619 F.3d 1010, 1024 (9th Cir. 2010). In fact, the United States Supreme Court has identified a specific example

² The Anti-Injunction Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2283, states "A court of the United States may not grant an injunction to stay proceedings in a State court except as expressly authorized by Act of Congress." This statute does not prohibit a federal court from staying a state proceeding pursuant to Section 2361 because Section 2361 is an act of congress. Lorillard Tobacco Co. v. Chester, 589 F.3d 835, 844 (6th Cir. 2009).

³ A court can issue an injunction under Section 2361 without consideration of the rules provided by Fed. R. Civ. P. 65. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 65(e); Star Ins. Co., 273 F. Supp. 2d at 42.

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which warrants the issuance of an injunction. *See State Farm Fire & Casualty Co. v. Tashire*, 386 U.S. 523, 534 (1967). In *Tashire*, the Court stated:

There are situations...where the effect of interpleader is to confine the total litigation to a single forum and proceeding. One such case is where a stakeholder, faced with rival claims to the fund itself, acknowledges—or denies—his liability to one or the other of the claimants. In this situation, the fund itself is the target of the claimants. It marks the outer limits of the controversy. It is, therefore, reasonable and sensible that interpleader, in discharge of its office to protect the fund, should also protect the stakeholder from vexatious and multiple litigation. In this context, suits sought to be enjoined are squarely within the language of 28 U.S.C. § 2361.

Id.; see also Pruco Life Ins. Co. v. Martin, 2011 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 92424, *10 (D. Nev. 2011). However, in *Tashire*, the Court held that an injunction was not appropriate because there were multiple and dissimilar avenues for relief. *Id.* at 534-535.

An injunction restraining other proceedings which could affect the policy limits is appropriate here because this action fits squarely within the example identified by the *Tashire* Court. Federal, the stakeholder, is facing thousands of rival claims to the policy limits. Because Caldera has advised claimants that its settlement proceeds are largely limited to available insurance funds, the Policies are the primary target of the Caldera Claims. Indeed, unlike *Tashire*, the Caldera Claims are all travelling the same avenue for relief, the policy limit, because Caldera has no other resources to remedy such claims. Further, Federal does not seek adjudication of the underlying Caldera Claims. Rather, this interpleader action only concerns resolving the rights to the policy limits. Thus, this action embodies the exact example the Supreme Court identified in *Tashire* which warrants imposing a stay.

Additionally, an injunction will uphold the purpose of Section 1335. For example, if this Court were to deny this motion, Federal would be required to defend potentially thousands of lawsuits. In fact, Federal would be subject to the pull of potentially numerous competing claims and potential allegations of bad faith and, once the policy limits are reached, the plaintiffs in these lawsuits would face the likelihood of obtaining no relief. Indeed, without the stay, it might not be possible to timely determine what the available policy proceeds are, creating singular confusion. It would be better for all parties to determine what the actual proceeds are after resolution of the coverage issues, instead of assuming that the bond amount represents the true available limit. Therefore, this Court should order a stay pursuant to Section 2361.

C. AN INJUNCTION IS NECESSARY TO PREVENT A RACE TO JUDGMENT.

As stated above, a court should issue an injunction to ensure equitable and consistent distribution of the funds at stake in an interpleader action. *See Texaco, Inc.* v. *Ponsoldt*, 118 F.3d 1367, 1370 (9th Cir. 1997) (The purpose of the interpleader statute is to ensure "straightforward determination of the priority of the claims as they existed at the time the interpleader became viable."); *Sotheby's*, 802 F. Supp. at 1066. An injunction is especially necessary where a case involves the possibility of a small number of claimants "appropriat[ing] all, or a disproportionate slice, of a fund before fellow claimants are able to establish their claims, potentially leading to a race to judgment and unfairness to some claimants." *Star Ins. Co.*, 273 F. Supp. 2d at 43.

Federal and Caldera are currently facing the concern identified in *Star Ins. Co.* Federal has exhausted a significant portion of the policy limits by defending a small portion of the Caldera Claims and funding one settlement. These efforts amounted to over \$5,300,000 in defense costs, while there still exists over two thousand claims and an extraordinary amount of potential liability. If the injunction is not granted, the policy limits will be reached long before all of the Caldera Claims are resolved. This

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means that several of the plaintiffs in the Caldera Claims will be left without any relief afforded them. In turn, plaintiffs will be encouraged to race to judgment in an attempt to ensure their personal relief. On the other hand, an injunction can ensure an orderly determination of what is left in policy limits and ensure that what is available isn't needlessly expended on solely defense costs. Indeed, the policy limits may be fully expended just by the cost of defense. Given the number of parties who may potentially be entitled to defense coverage under the Policies, it would not be inconceivable that the entire Policy proceeds would be exhausted well prior to the conclusion of the underlying litigation.

D. OTHER ACTIONS CANNOT AFFORD THE PARTIES ADEQUATE RELIEF.

Lastly, no other previously commenced action will afford Federal and Caldera effective relief. *Star Ins. Co.*, 273 F. Supp. 2d at 43 ("A request for an injunction may be refused...if a previously commenced action will afford the parties effective relief."). Caldera, with its defense funded by Federal, is currently litigating the Caldera Claims across the nation. However, none of these actions have joined all of the interested parties or have interpleaded the policy limits. Contrarily, through potential class certification and a stay, this action could adequately address the rights to the policy limits with respect to the claimants. Even more so, if this Court grants Federal's motion for class certification, it could ensure that unidentified prospective claimant's receive the proper relief as well.

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IV. **CONCLUSION**

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For the reasons discussed above, Federal respectfully requests this Court issue an order: (1) staying any and all currently pending or future proceedings for a period of six months; (2) enjoining any person from instituting or prosecuting any lawsuit, arbitration or any other proceeding for a period of six months; (3) enjoining any person from levying or otherwise seeking payment on any settlement or judgment obtained, in any state or federal court, against any party insured or contractually indemnified under the Policies, and requiring that any liquidated claim be presented to this Court for potential payment.

Dated: March 30, 2015

Respectfully submitted,

LOCKE LORD LLP

By: /s/ Lilian M. Khanjian

Michael F. Perlis Richard R. Johnson Lilian M. Khanjian

Attorneys for Claimant-Plaintiff FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY

300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600 Los Angeles, CA 90071 Locke Lord LLP

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO STAY PROCEEDINGS

Case 2:12-md-02327 Document 1663-1 Filed 08/14/15 Page 24 of 40 PageID #: 20248 Case 2:15-cv-00393-SVW-PJW Document 178-1 Filed 08/03/15 Page 15 of 21 Page ID #:4442

Case 2:15-cv-00393-SVW-PJW Document 75-1 Filed 03/30/15 Page 1 of 3 Page ID #:1405 LOCKE LORD LLP Michael F. Perlis (SBN: 095992) mperlis@lockelord.com Richard R. Johnson (SBN: 198117) rrjohnson@lockelord.com Lilian M. Khanjian (SBN: 259015) lkhanjian@lockelord.com 300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600 Los Angeles, California 90071 Telephone: 213-485-1500 Facsimile: 213-485-1200 8 Attorneys for Claimant-Plaintiff 9 FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY 10 300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600 Los Angeles, CA 90071 11 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT Locke Lord LLP 12 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 13 CASE NO. 2:15-cv-00393-SVW-PJW FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY Honorable Stephen V. Wilson Claimant-Plaintiff, 15 VS. **DECLARATION OF LILIAN** 16 KHANJIAN IN SUPPORT OF CALDERA MEDICAL, INC., and DENISE 17 FEDERAL INSURANCE M. FLANIGAN, ROSIE JEAN BATES, **COMPANY'S MOTION TO STAY** 18 TAMMY L. MCILROY, BRENDA DEYO, AND ENJOIN PROCEEDINGS 19 SUSAN STONE, KIMBERLY DURHAM, ELAINE TACK, SHARON PEER, DATE: **APRIL 27, 2015** 20 ELIZABETH BAILEY, BARBARA COE, TIME: 1:30 P.M. DOREEN ESPARZA, CLARA PERELKA, 21 **COURTROOM 6** PLACE: PEGGY GRUBBS, CONNIE 22 [Filed concurrently with: Notice of WILLIAMSON, CHRISTINE MATHEWS, Motion and Motion to Stay and 23 KATRINA BAKER, DAWN BURNHAM, (Proposed) Order] NANCY ROBERTS, GLENDA THORNE, 24 BENELLA OLTREMARI, PHYLLIS W. 25 BROWN, JOANNE MONGEAU, SYBIL WASHINGTON, and CELINES RAMIREZ, 26 and all others similarly situated 27 Claimants- Defendants. 28 DECLARATION OF LILIAN KHANJIAN IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO STAY AND ENJOIN PROCEEDINGS

I, Lilian Khanjian, declare as follows:

- 1. I am an attorney at the law firm of Locke Lord LLP, attorneys of record for Claimant-Plaintiff Federal Insurance Company ("Federal"), and am one of the attorneys representing Federal in this matter. The facts stated herein are true of my own knowledge, except as to those matters stated on information and belief, and, as to those matters, I believe them to be true. I submit this declaration in support of Federal's Motion to Stay and Enjoin Proceedings made pursuant to the Federal Interpleader Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2361.
- 2. Based on information received from Caldera Medical, Inc. ("Caldera"), through its counsel, our office is informed that there are at least 2,184 claimants who are either litigating claims or have tolled claims against Caldera in relation to its products ("the Caldera Claims").
- 3. Federal issued Life Science Insurance Program policies, each numbered Policy No. 7499-85-32 SFO, to Caldera for the following policy periods: (1) August 1, 2008 to August 1, 2009 ("2008 Policy"); (2) August 1, 2009 to August 1, 2010 ("2009 Policy"); (3) August 1, 2010 to November 1, 2011 ("2010 Policy"); and (4) November 1, 2011 to November 1, 2012 ("2011 Policy"). The 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011 Policies are collectively referred to herein as "the Policies" and have been attached as Exhibits A-D, respectively, to Federal's Complaint filed in this action. See Document No. 10 of the Docket.
- 4. Based upon information provided to our office, Caldera contends that, at most, \$25 million in total coverage among the Policies is available from which, according to the terms of the Policies, defense costs and settlements paid must be subtracted.
- 5. Based upon information provided to our office, Federal has funded to date over \$6,386,891 in defense and indemnity payments under the Policies, without having collected any deductible from Caldera, in connection with the Caldera Claims.

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300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600

Los Angeles, CA 90071

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- 6. Based upon information provided to our office, the remaining non-exhausted portions of the Limits of Liability amount to approximately \$18,613,109.
- 7. On January 20, 2015, Federal filed an action in the nature of interpleader naming as defendants Caldera and twenty four (24) claimants individually and as class representatives of two proposed defendant classes. See Federal's Complaint filed in this action on January 20, 2015. See Document No. 1 of the Docket.
- 8. Federal posted an interpleader bond in the amount of \$18,613,109, which this Court filed on February 26, 2015. See Document No. 49 of the Docket.
- 9. The underlying plaintiffs in the Transvaginal Mesh Medical Product Cases pending in Los Angeles County Superior Court, JCCP 4733, to which Caldera is a party, had requested a lift of the stay on litigation in that case.
- 10. On March 11, 2015, Judge William F. Highberger issued a tentative ruling lifting the stay on litigation. There will be further briefing on the tentative ruling, which Caldera and American Medical Systems, Inc. have opposed. A further hearing before Judge Highberger will be held on this issue on April 9, 2015.
- 11. Once the stay is lifted and litigation ensues in all respects, Caldera's defense costs will undoubtedly increase at an exceptionally rapid pace and Federal will be faced with having to satisfy its obligation to fund Caldera's defense.
- 12. Federal must also satisfy its obligations to pay for the defense of any other parties including, but not limited to contractual indemnitees, entitled to it under the Policies.

I declare the foregoing to be true and correct under the penalty of perjury of the laws of the United States of America.

Executed this 30th day of March 2015 in Los Angeles, California.

/s/ *Lilian M. Khanjian* Lilian M. Khanjian

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DECLARATION OF LILIAN KHANJIAN IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO STAY AND ENJOIN PROCEEDINGS

Case 2:12-md-02327 Document 1663-1 Filed 08/14/15 Page 28 of 40 PageID #: 20252 Case 2:15-cv-00393-SVW-PJW Document 178-1 Filed 08/03/15 Page 19 of 21 Page ID #:4446

Case 2:15-cv-00393-SVW-PJW Document 75-2 Filed 03/30/15 Page 1 of 2 Page ID #:1408 LOCKE LORD LLP Michael F. Perlis (SBN: 095992) mperlis@lockelord.com Richard R. Johnson (SBN: 198117) rrjohnson@lockelord.com Lilian M. Khanjian (SBN: 259015) lkhanjian@lockelord.com 300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600 Los Angeles, California 90071 Telephone: 213-485-1500 Facsimile: 213-485-1200 8 9 Attorneys for Claimant-Plaintiff FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY 10 11 300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600 Los Angeles, CA 90071 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT Locke Lord LLP 12 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 13 FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY CASE NO. 2:15-cv-00393-SVW-**PJW** 14 Claimant-Plaintiff, Honorable Stephen V. Wilson 15 VS. 16 [PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING FEDERAL 17 CALDERA MEDICAL, INC., and DENISE **INSURANCE COMPANY'S** M. FLANIGAN, ROSIE JEAN BATES, 18 MOTION TO STAY AND TAMMY L. MCILROY, BRENDA DEYO, **ENJOIN PROCEEDINGS** 19 SUSAN STONE, KIMBERLY DURHAM, ELAINE TACK, SHARON PEER, 20 DATE: APRIL 27, 2015 ELIZABETH BAILEY, BARBARA COE, TIME: 1:30 P.M. 21 DOREEN ESPARZA, CLARA PERELKA, PLACE: **COURTROOM 6** PEGGY GRUBBS, CONNIE 22 WILLIAMSON, CHRISTINE MATHEWS, [Filed concurrently with: Notice of 23 Motion and Motion to Stay and KATRINA BAKER, DAWN BURNHAM, Declaration of Lilian M. Khanjian] NANCY ROBERTS, GLENDA THORNE, 24 BENELLA OLTREMARI, PHYLLIS W. 25 BROWN, JOANNE MONGEAU, SYBIL WASHINGTON, and CELINES RAMIREZ, 26 and all others similarly situated 27 Claimant-Defendants. 28 [PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY'S MOTION TO STAY

Los Angeles, CA 90071

300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600

Locke Lord LLP

e 2:15-cv-00393-SVW-PJW Document 75-2 Filed 03/30/15 Page 2 of 2 Page ID #:1409

The Court, having considered Claimant-Plaintiff Federal Insurance Company's ("Federal") Motion to Stay and Enjoin Proceedings, as well as the arguments of the parties and the papers submitted, hereby GRANTS the Motion to Stay and Enjoin Proceedings.

Accordingly, the Court ORDERS as follows:

- 1. A stay of all litigation and proceedings in any State and/or United States Court against any party insured or contractually indemnified under the insurance policies issued by Federal to Caldera Medical, Inc., Policy No. 7499-85-32 SFO (the "Policies") for a period of six months;
- 2. An injunction preventing any and all potential claimants, including but not limited to those with tolling agreements, from instituting or prosecuting any lawsuit, arbitration or any proceeding against any party insured or contractually indemnified under the Policies for a period of six months; and,
- 3. An injunction preventing any and all plaintiffs and/or claimants from levying or otherwise seeking payment on any settlement or judgment against Federal, any party insured or contractually indemnified under the Policies, and requiring that any liquidated claim be presented to this Court for potential payment.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated:	

U.S. DISTRICT JUDGE

[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY'S MOTION TO STAY

EXHIBIT 3

Federal's August 5, 2015 Supplemental Submission In Support of Motion to Stay

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In connection with the now-unopposed Motion to Stay and Enjoin Proceedings ("the Motion") filed on March 30, 2015, Federal Insurance Company hereby provides this Supplemental Submission, to notify the Court regarding a new development in an underlying case.

On August 3, 2015, the Plaintiff in Stephanie M. Guirola v. Caldera Medical, Inc., Biomedical Structures, LLC and 25 Centre, LLC currently pending in the Southern District of Mississippi, Southern Division, Case No. 1:15cv88JTM, a case which would be subject to the stay if granted, filed a Motion for Limited Discovery. See attached Exhibit A. The fees and expenses incurred in connection with this motion and with any discovery that may result will erode the current funds set aside for the conditional settlement.

As stated in the August 3, 2015 Supplemental Submission filed in this case, to the extent the underlying litigation and proceedings are not stayed, and additional fees and expenses incurred exceed the specified reserves set aside by the settlement, the settlement could be terminated.

This Supplemental Submission is joined by Caldera and counsel representing 2,184+ Claimants. The Parties therefore reiterate their request that the Court stay and enjoin the litigation and proceedings as detailed in the August 3, 2015 Supplemental Submission.

Dated: August 5, 2015

Respectfully submitted,

LOCKE LORD LLP

By: /s/ Lilian M. Khanjian Michael F. Perlis Richard Johnson Lilian M. Khanjian Attorneys for Claimant-Plaintiff FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY

Case 2:12-md-02327 Document 1663-1 Filed 08/14/15 Page 34 of 40 PageID #: 20258 Case 2:15-cv-00393-SVW-PJW Document 180-1 Filed 08/05/15 Page 1 of 5 Page ID #:4452

EXHIBIT A

Case 2:12-md-02327 Document 1663-1 Filed 08/14/15 Page 35 of 40 PageID #: 20259

Case 2:15-cv-00393-SVW-PJW Document 180-1 Filed 08/05/15 Page 2 of 5 Page ID #:4453

Case 1:15-cv-00088-JTM Document 40 Filed 08/03/15 Page 1 of 4

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI SOUTHERN DIVISION

STEPHANIE M. GUIROLA

PLAINTIFF

VERSUS CIVIL ACTION NO.: 1:15cv88JTM

CALDERA MEDICAL, INC.,
BIOMEDICAL STRUCTURES, LLC
AND 25 CENTRE, LLC

DEFENDANTS

PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR LIMITED DISCOVERY NECESSARY TO RESPOND
TO THE PREEMPTION ISSUES RAISED IN DEFENDANT BIOMEDICAL
STRUCTURES, LLC'S MOTION TO DISMISS COMPLAINT

The Plaintiff, Stephanie M. Guirola, files this Motion for Limited Discovery Necessary to Respond to Defendant Biomedical Structures, LLC's Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint and the simultaneously filed Memorandum of Law [Docs. 31 and 32] to-wit:

- 1. The Defendant Biomedical Structures, LLC (Biomedical) has moved to dismiss the Plaintiff's claims against Biomedical predicated on the Biomaterials Access Assurance Act ("the Act"), 21 U.S.C. § 1601 et seq. Biomedical alleges that claims asserted against it are preempted under state law and certain federal laws and forecloses any claim against Biomedical as a component part (mesh) manufacturer of the subject Desara Sling transvaginal mesh implant marketed and sold by Defendant Caldera Medical, Inc.
- 2. The Plaintiff is handicapped in her ability to respond to the Motion to Dismiss. Certain critical issues have been raised in Biomedical's Motion and

Case 1:15-cv-00088-JTM Docume 1:15-cv-0008-JTM Docume 1:15-cv-00088-JTM Docume 1:15-cv-00088-JTM

Memorandum that are impossible for the Plaintiff to address without first conducting

discovery on those limited issues. Biomedical's exact status under the Act is unknown at

this time, so the Plaintiff cannot effectively assert a counter position. However, there is

evidence in Biomedical's marketing materials which suggests that Biomedical may not

be protected by the Act.

3. There is no question that under the Act a supplier may be liable if it

supplied defective component parts or raw materials or failed to meet contractual

obligations with the chief manufacturer. The Plaintiff must be permitted to conduct

discovery to determine whether or not Biomedical supplied defective mesh to Caldera

or failed in its contractual obligations to Caldera or if the contractual obligations

imposed a duty on Biomedical to do more than just supply a component part.

4. The Act specifically provides that if a defendant files a motion to dismiss

on the grounds that it did not furnish raw materials or component parts for the implant

that failed to meet applicable contractual requirements or specifications, the court may

permit discovery limited to issues relevant to the pending motion to dismiss. See 21

U.S.C. § 1605(c)(1)(B)(i).

5. The Plaintiff requests that the Court grant limited discovery on the issues

set forth in the Motion pertaining to the Act as follows:

a. Twenty (20) interrogatories directed to Caldera and twenty (20)

interrogatories directed to Biomedical;

- b. Twenty (20) requests for production directed to Caldera and twenty (20) requests for production directed to Biomedical;
- c. One (1) deposition of the F.R.C.P. 30(b)(6) representative of Caldera and one (1) deposition of the F.R.C.P. 30(b)(6) representative of Biomedical, if needed;
- d. Granting the Plaintiff ninety (90) days to conduct the requested limited discovery;
- e. Once the ninety (90) day discovery is complete, the Plaintiff requests fourteen days (14) to file her response and memorandum in opposition to the motion.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED, this the 3rd day of August, 2015,

STEPHANIE GUIROLA, PLAINTIFF
OWEN, GALLOWAY & MYERS, P.L.L.C.

BY: /s/ JOE SAM OWEN (MS Bar No. 3965)

Case 1:15-cv-00088-JTM Docume 1:15-cv-0008-JTM Docume 1:15-cv-00088-JTM Docume 1:15-cv-00088-JTM

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, JOE SAM OWEN, of the law firm Owen, Galloway, & Myers, P.L.L.C., do hereby certify that I have this date electronically filed the foregoing Motion For Limited Discovery Necessary To Respond To The Preemption Issues Raised In Defendant Biomedical Structures, LLC's Motion To Dismiss Complaint with the Clerk of the Court using the ECF system, which served a copy to all counsel of record.

SO CERTIFIED, this the 3rd day of August, 2015.

/s/JOE SAM OWEN

JOE SAM OWEN (MS Bar No. 3965)
ASHLEY C. WRIGHT (MS Bar No. 104375)
ROY NOWELL (MS Bar No. 100768)
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EXHIBIT 4

August 7, 2015 Minute Order

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

CIVIL MINUTES - GENERAL

Case No. 2:15-cv-393-SVW-PJW			Date	Date August 7, 2015		
Title	Federa	al Insurance Co. v. Caldera Me	dical Inc., et al			
	ent: The orable	STEPHEN V. WILSON	N, U.S. DISTRICT JUDGE			
	P	aul M. Cruz	N/A			
	Deputy Clerk		Court Reporter / Recorder			
	Attorneys Present for Plaintiffs:		Attorneys Present for Defendants:			
N/A		N/A	N/A			
Proceedings: IN CHAMBERS OMN		IN CHAMBERS OMNIB	BUS ORDER RE: CONDITIONAL SETTLEMENT			
1.		ne joint request for a stay by Fe he motion to stay and enjoin pr		al claimants, the Court		
2.	The Court I	The Court DEFERS resolution of Federal's motion for class certification.				
3.	August 14, 2	ual claimant defendants are ORDERED inform the Court in writing no later than 2015, at 5:00 p.m. whether they intend to withdraw the motions to quash service, leration of those motions, or continue to seek immediate resolution of those matters.				
				:		
			Initials of Preparer	PMC		